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TAKE THE TIMES WITH YOU.

Summer Outings Will Not Be Enjoyed Unless It Goes Along.

The summer tide of pleasure and health-seeking has set in toward mountains, springs and seashore.

No plans for the season's outing will be complete unless "The Times" is included among the necessities. Men and women may go from town to town, leave care behind, but those who would keep their finger on the public pulse, or be abreast of the world's happenings, or, indeed, who need a golden link between themselves and the whirligig of time—these must have "The Times" sent daily to their sylvan or seaside retreat.

NEED FOR HASTE.

Garbage is a rather odorous subject, but one that is frequently under the public's nose, so to speak, but it is of such importance just at this time to the people of the District that to ignore it would be less excusable than turning it forward.

At the outset it must be assumed that the Commissioners are sincerely in earnest in getting the best possible system for disposing of garbage in the District and to make arrangements for it as expeditiously as possible. It is also to be borne in mind that so far the contractor has failed woefully to fulfill the conditions and stipulations of his contract. Neither the quantity nor the quality of the service rendered by him comes up to the obligations assumed by him.

This much being conceded the question recurs to the adoption of a proper garbage-disposing system. The Commissioners have expressed themselves in favor of the Smith crematory. The contractor objects to this because of the unsatisfactory results produced by its operation in other cities. He wants to employ some method regarding the utility of which there is no doubt. He cannot be blamed for that.

As related in "The Times" this morning, there appears to be danger of litigation over this matter, in which the people of the District would be the chief sufferers. Meanwhile only two months remain until the new contract, running five years, and providing for the disposal of the collected garbage, either by incineration or reduction, will go in operation. It will be all that can be done to erect the three plants required in this short time. The necessity, therefore of prompt action is plainly apparent.

There has been a great deal of talk, consultation, inspection and all that. It is time for something more tangible.

IMPOSING UPON THE DISTRICT.

The episode in which the Virginia justice of the peace and sanitary officer Frank were the principal actors furnishes another example of how the District of Columbia is imposed upon by the county authorities of the adjoining States of Virginia and Maryland in the matter of having paupers and insane persons housed upon it.

As regards the last-named class of unfortunate, especially in Virginia, the conditions are favorable to instigating the desire on the part of the county authorities to rid themselves of their insane paupers at the expense of the District. The insane asylums of the State are overcrowded, and as a result hundreds of deranged people are confined in the county jails awaiting admission. These are a charge upon the county treasury, and that is the milk in the can.

In Maryland the same state of affairs prevails, though perhaps in a less marked degree, and from there the surreptitious transportation of paupers and insane people into the District can be accomplished even more readily than from Virginia.

It is rather a humiliating business, one would think, for the people of a State, or a county even, to confess that they are either unable or unwilling to care for their own neighbors who have been stricken by affliction. They may not confess it in words, but in this case actions speak louder.

A GOOD LAW FOR WORKINGMEN.

Great nations may sometimes learn useful lessons from the smallest. A case in point is found in the little Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, where a new law has just gone into effect, whereby the interests of the working classes are even more carefully guarded than heretofore. Luxembourg is taking interest in Belgium, where old King Leopold has been exercising a paternal surveillance over the welfare of the laboring element.

The law appears to be directed chiefly against company stores and to protect workmen from the extortion practiced by such establishments. All wages must be paid in current money, and no deductions are permitted save for rent of land, lodgings, and food, and for tools, furnished at cost price. None can be paid out for bills contracted in saloons and bar-rooms, in stores or shops. In brief the law contemplates the fullest possible control by the workmen of the wages, for which he labors so hard.

It would be well if a similar law could be adopted in many of the States of the Union, where miners and other workmen hardly see a dollar of their wages from

one year's end to the other, and where almost their entire earnings are consumed by the company stores. The company stores promote waste, whereas the Luxembourg statutes make for economy.

ISRAEL'S NEW CANAAN.

The expatriation of the Jews in Russia, many millions in number, goes steadily on. It is a compulsory, not a voluntary, process. They are the victims of relentless hatred begotten of ignorance, bigotry, prejudice, and jealousy. They are driven from their homes, robbed of their property, and sent out into the world to try their fortune in other lands.

It is not surprising that their eyes should turn longingly to the great republic of the western hemisphere, where every man may set himself up as a farmer and grower of wheat and corn, and where the law and the rulers recognize no difference in creed or caste. Even into darkest Russia the fame of these beneficent conditions has penetrated, and it is not strange, therefore, that the Russian Jews should long to set up their altars and their homes where they may enjoy the blessings of peace and the fruits of their industry.

There have been many attempts to colonize the expelled Russian and Polish Jews in Brazil, Argentina, and other countries, but somehow those colonies have not thriven, and gradually the colonists are finding their way northward and becoming settlers in the United States. Those that come here and prosper write to their friends of their good fortune and these follow.

Thus it may come to pass that before many years by far the greater part of the Jews of the world may be domiciled in the United States, and by their thrift and industry do their share to promote the prosperity of the country.

DEGRADATION OF POLITICS.

In the preliminaries to the State Republican convention of Pennsylvania, which assembled in Harrisburg to-day, the pessimist may find ample material upon which to base prediction of the failure of the popular government. But while it may not point to the downfall of our political institutions, there is an indication of such deterioration in the management of party politics that must awaken both regret and apprehension.

The disturbing cause is found in the charge of fraud, corruption and bribery hurled, not by one party against another for campaign effect and consumption, but by members of one and the same party against one another, and with apparent earnestness and sincerity. The remarkable episode is presented of a Senator of the United States accusing the Chief Executive of the State, the state chairman of his party, and other gentlemen of high official standing of the purpose to prevent by dishonest means the election of a party through its convention delegates.

If one gentleman were to charge another—and these are all, all honorable men—with the intention of stealing a dollar from him, the other would consider it as an outrageous insult that nothing but a retraction or personal satisfaction would appease his anger. Yet when the charge relates to the theft of something infinitely more valuable than the coin, it is passed over with a shrug.

How low the pitch. If politics sinks to so low a level that any imputation, no matter how dishonorable, is not regarded as leaving a stain upon the character of those at whom it is aimed, the faith of the people in the integrity of the whole system may be shaken.

If Quay and the other fellows keep it up, Edgar singly may conclude to take another ship at the Governorship.

John W. Mackay will be delighted that \$12,000 a year will permit him to get rid of a prince in the family.

Something like 30,000 Indians are now engaged in raising stock and vegetables. The others are raising sheep.

Emperor William's latest idea is to get into the pulpit and preach. William is evidently not afraid to tempt fate.

Spanish soldiers are reported to be not overanxious to go to Cuba. They think Spain a good enough country to die in.

Toronto's street car lines pay the city \$800 a year for every mile of track, 8 per cent on the first million of gross receipts, and 20 per cent on all gross receipts over three millions. It might not be a bad idea to try the plan in Washington.

A Kansas contingent is going to Cuba to help the revolutionists. If Mary Ellen Lease goes with them Campos may as well get out.

It remains to be seen whether Gov. Callerson is a "bigger" man than Corbett and Fitzsimmons.

Another star for the flag. The blue field is getting crowded, but there is room for more—eyes for Canada and Mexico.

With Mrs. Mackay entertaining a reigning grand dame and Chauncey DePue dining an assorted collection of princes and noblemen, the heart of nobility must be full to overflowing.

Tom Hamlin and the Kentucky Democratic platform are inextricably mixed up.

Money in party platforms is never anything but sound.

With such a dry Sunday in New York, what is Tammany going to do when the campaign breaks loose?

Just across the Potomac free silver is rapidly getting to be persona non grata. If you don't believe it ask O'Fallon and Fitz Lee.

Quay seems to hold Pennsylvania yet and will be the next chairman of the State Republican committee. He made the fight of his life, and some discipline will now be meted out.

Washington Knights Templar caught the Bostonians yesterday, as did the Mount Pleasant Drum Corps. It's no wonder, either can catch Washingtonians themselves.

Murderer Holmes left traces in every town in which he lived. This time evidence of murder have been discovered in Indianapolis, and it is thought little Howard Fite's bones have been found. It is a great pity Holmes can't be hung in every city where his victims met death.

Already the best evening newspaper in Washington—The Evening Times—

one cent.

In any case of irregular delivery of The Times please send Postal Card to this office.

COUNCIL OF LABOR MEN

Large Amount of Business Considered by the Federation.

UNFAIR LIST ADDITIONS

Local Assemblies Intorse the Action Against the Eckington and Belt Lines—Columbia Typographical Union's Circular Concerning Labor Day—Building Trades Council.

An important meeting of the Federation of Labor was held last evening at Ploesters' Hall, corner Pennsylvania avenue and Four-and-a-half street northwest. Thirty-five of the labor organizations of the city were represented by delegates.

The committee on contracts, which had been instructed to confer with Mr. Albaugh in reference to the employment of union labor in the construction of his new theater opposite Lafayette Square, reported that they were unable to meet with him. An effort will be made again to-day.

The committee was also instructed to see Mr. Charles Baum, of Seventh street, but failed to do so. It reported, however, that Mr. Baum was having his work done by common men.

The special committee appointed to confer with Mr. Eugene Kernan with a view to making his theater "fair" reported that they had seen Mr. Kernan, but no agreement was arrived at, so they recommended the theater be still retained on the unfair list.

The cigar makers, through their representatives, reported that they had asked their union in Baltimore to request the Federation of Labor in that city to place Mr. Kernan's theater there on the unfair list.

MR. AULT'S ACTION.

A communication was received from Mr. Nicholas Ault, stating that he had laid off two employees yesterday morning, having nothing for them to do. He claims he did not know they were union men.

This statement, however, is flatly contradicted by delegates from the Butchers' Assembly, who say that instead of laying off two men four were discharged, and men from Baltimore were on hand ready to go to work in their place.

The Carriage Workers reported W. E. Yerkes for a violation of his agreement with them, and asks the Federation to investigate the matter in their interest.

Mr. Conroy, superintendent of work on Ault's new theater, had tendered one of his members less than the union rate of wages. The matter was referred to the contract committee.

The Tailors' Union reported the firm of Israel & Griffin, corner of Seventh street and Virginia avenue southwest, as an unfair. The report was referred to a special committee for investigation.

The Barbers reported seven business firms of the city as unfair.

The Horseshoers reported that their differences with H. Fitzgerald had been settled, and requested that they be stricken from the unfair list. The request was granted.

The Horseshoers, Tanners, Machinists, Carpenters, Millers, and Builders reported that their respective organizations had endorsed the action of the Federation in placing the Eckington and Soldiers' Home and Belt street railway lines on the unfair list.

The Carriage Makers reported nine, Machinists four, and Builders eight new members enrolled since the last meeting.

The Bakers reported that consumers would be served with fresh bread on Labor Day and the day following, as the members had made arrangements to work on Sunday night.

A communication was received from Ladies' Union, No. 42, I. O. E. B. of B. informing the Federation that on Labor Day the members of the union would hold a reception at Typographical Temple from 2 to 6 p. m., and that a cordial welcome would be given the members of all labor organizations and all others who attended.

TRADES COUNCIL MEETING.

At the regular meeting of the Building Trades Council held last evening at Typographical Temple, with President O'Brien in the chair, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

"Whereas, the daily press of Washington, employing union labor exclusively, and being friendly to organized labor generally, be it

"Resolved, by the Building Trades Council that we pledge our support to the press of Washington and express our appreciation of the aid it has given to the Legislative Committee of this body in securing important legislation through Congress."

Credentials were presented by representatives from the Steam Fitters Union and Amalgamated Association of Carpenters and the delegates given the privilege of the floor.

The disaffiliation between the Steam Fitters and Plumbers, which had been referred to the Building Trades Council, was returned without action further than to request that both organizations appoint conference committees to draft a working code and present the same to the Building Trades' Council for consideration.

The grievance reported from the galvanized Iron Workers' Union was referred to the grievance committee of the Building Trades' Council with instructions to report at the next regular meeting.

Several short addresses were made on the "good of the order" demonstrating the valuable results already accomplished by the organization.

A special meeting of Carpenters' Union, No. 100, will be held Saturday evening at hall 627 Massachusetts avenue northwest. The object of the meeting is to complete arrangements for Labor Day parade. Union No. 100 has invited the Amalgamated Association of Carpenters to be present and confer with them.

The committee appointed by the laborers to select uniforms for Labor Day have awarded the contract to Loh & Hirsch. The uniforms will cost the union \$2,500, and the committee is of the opinion that they will be the handsomest in line next Monday.

The union has spared no expense to make the parade a success, and in point of numbers and appearance will be second to none. The committee is composed of Messrs. McAdiffe, C. C. Basher, W. H. Mighan, F. Buehler, J. B. Dowell and W. G. Fisher.

TYPES TO TAKE NOTICE.

The following circular has been prepared by Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101, and a copy will be sent to each member within the next two days.

"Columbia Union in the Labor Day parade. Our union composes one separate division, therefore, in the parade and will be under the immediate supervision of As-

stant Marshal George A. Tracy. The division joins the general parade at Indiana avenue and Four-and-a-half street. The various chapels will form in the immediate vicinity of the Temple, and as fast as they are in readiness will march to the rendezvous indicated. The particular meeting place of each chapel will be hereafter designated.

"The line of march has been published in all of the daily papers. The parade will move at 10 o'clock sharp, and the committee and the marshal earnestly hope that every line will be in complete marching order not later than 9:30 o'clock.

"The formation of the division will be as follows: First, the Labor Day committee; second, the Star and music; third, the Post and those without uniforms; fourth, the Times and music; fifth, the specific trades' regiments; sixth, float with escort; seventh, Mount Pleasant Drum Corps; eighth, proform, G. P. O.; ninth, first division, G. P. O.; tenth, second division, G. P. O.; eleventh, third division, G. P. O.; twelfth, fourth division, G. P. O.; thirteenth, fifth division, G. P. O.; fourteenth, Johnson & P. J. O.; fifteenth, secretaries' chapel; sixteenth, I. O. U. presmen.

MARSHALS FOR CHAPELS.

"Each chapel should have a marshal in the person of its chairman or some one selected by the chapel.

"Each chapel, where it is possible, is expected to have at least one American flag in line, in addition to the chapel banner.

"The general uniform comprises a soft dark blue hat, a light shirt, a badge, and a cane. The Star and the Times chapels will have special uniforms.

"As some of the most earnest members prefer to parade without wearing any uniform, a subdivision will be formed for the benefit of such members, the only stipulation being that they must wear a badge to be furnished by the committee and carry a cane. This section will be headed by the Post chapel, wearing dark hats, coats, and carrying canes.

With this division, honorary members are respectfully invited to march.

"To those who intend to parade uniforms will be given out at the Temple on Saturday, Sunday and Monday. The distribution will commence at 5:30 o'clock on Saturday. Congress, W. N. Brewster, F. C. Roberts, Alpheus Sholl, J. W. Lynch, and Francis Bender."

The Labor Day excursion to River View to be given by Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101, will be rendered more enjoyable and entertaining than it would ordinarily have been by the great game of football which will be played on the grounds at the resort, between the Shamrocks and the Eastern Stars.

Both of these teams have a reputation more than local and are so evenly matched that a red-hot struggle and fine playing may be looked upon.

WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS.

Entertainment in Aid of the Department in Charge of the Exhibit.

An impromptu musical and literary entertainment for the benefit of the department in charge of the exhibit of the Woman's Relief Corps at Atlantic City, was given in the spacious rooms of Burdette Post, No. 910 Pennsylvania avenue, last night.

There was no regular programme, and the affair was more of a woman's camp fire, with dancing, light refreshments, and some singing thrown in. The entertainment consisted of a number of members of each corps of the Department of the Potomac, the prime movers being Mrs. Chambers of Lafayette, Mrs. Dickerson and Mrs. McClure of Burdette, Mrs. Alice Burgess of the Potomac, and Mrs. Lewis and Mrs. Holmes of Lines in Corps.

Mrs. Elizabeth Mott and Mrs. Isabel W. Ball were the committee on programme.

The exhibit will be made up of a collection of badges of all the corps of the country, which have been gathered together at the various encampments, and a sixteen-page report of the history of the department.

This department is particularly prosperous at present, and G. H. Thomas Post will form an auxiliary on Thursday evening next, with public installation of officers at the corps' rooms, Eighth and I streets northwest.

The ladies' corps, however, are disappointed in regard to the talent, but those present were cordially received and highly appreciated. The Misses Chambers sang a duet, accompanied by Mrs. Van Fleet; Mrs. Hamilton and Mrs. Kibbey both gave very interesting short talks, and Mrs. Chambers related in delightful way a highly amusing flag incident in 1901.

About 300 people were present and all joined in the singing of old war songs. At the meeting of the Potomac Corps next Monday at No. 907 G street northwest, five new members are to be initiated.

SAYS IT'S A UNION JOB.

Editor Times—In the report of the proceedings of the Steam Fitters' Association as published in The Times of last Friday, it is stated that there is a doubt as to the standing of certain men employed on the Heurich bridge. In reply to this statement, I desire to say that the authorized agent of the Federation of Labor and District Assembly, No. 66, K. of L., has regular visits to this job and investigates the standing of men employed as to their connection with organized labor, and up to this time has made no complaints as to non-union steam fitters being employed, nor has any other committee visited the job in connection with that craft. In fact, no complaint could be made, as there are no steam fitters employed. This job has been a strictly union one up to the present time and will continue to be such in the future.

WILLIAM E. CARR, Superintendent of Construction, Heurich's New Brewery.

RESCUED AT SEA.

Twelve Men Saved From a Sinking German Ship.

New York, Aug. 27.—The new White Star liner George arrived this morning from Liverpool. She reports August 23, latitude 44.43, longitude 53.57, at 11:25 p. m., observed night signals of distress from a vessel four miles to the southeast.

Bored down and stood close to her. On halting the vessel was unable to make out what was needed. Sent away lifeboat No. 1, in charge of second officer, with orders to take off crew should they desire to leave their vessel.

The boat returned at 1:25 a. m. with the entire crew of twelve men. The vessel proved to be the German bark Tonia, of Rostock, from Miramichi for Ipswich, that laden, fourteen days out and was in a sinking condition, having sprung a leak. Although a strong wind was blowing and a heavy sea running at the time of the rescue, succeeded in getting all hands safely on board the George.

He Hung Himself.

Bucyrus, O., Aug. 27.—J. L. Leonard, a prominent young attorney of this city, was found hanging dead in his barn about noon to-day. He had been in ill-health for some time and it is thought that he became despondent and took his own life to put an end to his troubles.

Destruction of a Convent.

Rome, Aug. 27.—The Convent of Il-Bordone, a village in the province of Targa, has been partially destroyed by fire. Eight women perished and four others were severely injured.

Great Lexicographer Dead.

Berlin, Aug. 27.—Prof. Karl Georg, the celebrated lexicographer, died at Göttingen to-day, aged eighty-nine years.

UNION OF BOAT CLUBS

All Went on a Moonlight Excursion to Marshall Hall.

The Outing Was Given to Raise Funds to Defray Regatta Expenses. Many Young Folks Went.

Notwithstanding the cloudy and threatening weather last evening, about eight hundred persons went aboard the Macalester for a trip to Marshall Hall as the guests of the Annapolis, Columbia Athletic and Potomac Boat Clubs, each of which was well represented by well-known members.

The excursion was one of the most delightfully pleasant and congenial that have found a landing place at this very beautiful river resort this season.

The company included nearly all the best known young society people in town and was just such a select one as the several boat clubs have long since earned a reputation for having as their guests.

It was the first time in the history of the three clubs that a joint excursion has been given by them, and its great success should serve as a precedent for an annual affair of bringing money into their treasuries as well as to still stronger weld the chain of good fellowship which now so happily holds them together for their common good.

The outing was given for the purpose of raising funds to defray the expenses of the regatta of Saturday last, and while there was not as large a crowd as the object desired, yet the regatta committee hopes to realize enough out of the returns to meet the necessary demands upon it.

The several committees in charge of the boat and at the Hall rendered valuable services in looking after the pleasure and comfort of the guests.

The party reached home at a seasonable hour more than pleased with its outing. Among those present in addition to the officers of the three clubs were: Mr. and Mrs. Mason Richards; Mr. and Mrs. Hills; Mr. and Mrs. William K. Roberts; Mr. and Mrs. Edward F. Riggs; Mr. and Mrs. J. Griffith; Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Varnell; Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Schmidt; Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Miller; Mr. and Mrs. L. Ryan; Mr. and Mrs. George Bailey; Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Ferguson.

Miss Lettie Morris, Misses Walford, Miss Lily, Miss Highman, Miss Ruth Brooke, Miss Alice Seitz, Misses Ball, Miss Katherine L. Walsh, Miss Margaret Dyer, Miss Dail, Miss Luckett, Miss Beples, Miss Jarboe, Miss Estelle Heron, Mrs. Lewis, Misses K. Richardson, Miss Thompson, Miss M. Moore, Miss Laura Cassidy, Miss Dean, Miss Fannie Johnston, Miss Branzel, Miss Hall, Miss Phillips, Miss Morrice, Miss Wilson, Miss Carrie Upham, Miss Frankland, Miss Garrison, Miss Rance Williams, Miss Elliott, Miss Cameron, Miss Mattingly, Miss Barford, Miss Ada, Pollock, Miss Carrie Ball, Miss Thompson, Messrs. Smead, Joe Lambert, William Metcalf, Ralph Lee, Dr. Frank Wood, Will S. Teel, Lee Phillips, Leonard Chew, A. McRoy, J. S. Moore, Dr. J. B. Hill, R. B. Randolph, Adam Johnston, J. Feltner, G. Magee, George Van Dachenhauser, George J. Johnston, president P. B. C.; Royce Hugh, C. M. Ball, Will Offley, Will M. Mooney, Will Howard, G. Y. Bucks, W. Howard Gibson, Eugene Johnson, J. E. Marshall, Dr. Gayle Whitte, Harry A. Denner, Clint Den, Dr. Von Lindgren and many others.

APPEAL FOR PROTECTION.

Armenians Are Fearing a Recurrence of the Sassoon Outrages.

Constantinople, Aug. 27.—Advisers received here from Anglinghia that great terror prevails among the Armenians there, owing to the attitude of the Turkish authorities.

The latter, in consequence of an attack which was recently made by brigands upon a Turkish colonel, during which a number of his escort was killed, are believed to be taking steps which will have most serious consequences.

The Armenians are accused of being the authors of the attack on the colonel, and it is alleged that a large force of Turkish troops has been ordered for attacking the villages and monasteries of the vicinity and engaging in other acts of violence.

The Armenians, fearing a recurrence of the Sassoon outrages, have appealed to the ambassadors of the powers at Constantinople for protection.

HIS LOVE REFUSED.

Chattanooga Man Inmate Over the Rejection of His Suit.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Aug. 27.—Perrin W. Barton, a popular Southern express clerk, is being guarded by officers at his room in Tachopich Hotel, violently insane as a result of unrequited love.

He has been in the city two years and was a favorite in society but seemed to be affected with an unusual susceptibility, and has proposed to a number of young ladies without success. A few weeks ago, he bought a diamond ring, paying \$100 for it, and offered it to Miss Lillie Belle Dodge, a token of love, asking her to marry him. She took the offer as an insult and called her mother who ejected the young man from the house.

Yesterday he rushed from his room in his night clothes, threatening to kill himself. He is violently insane and it is feared that he will commit suicide.

Judge Louie's Pension Case.

Acting Attorney General Whitney yesterday notified Mr. Hopkins, counsel for Judge Louie, of Michigan, that unless he files his brief in the case of Louie vs. Lochren, Commissioner of Pensions, in the Supreme Court of the United States, by the 10th of September, the attorney general, under the rule, would have the case dismissed from the docket of the court. Mr. Hopkins is now two weeks in arrears in filing his brief.

Looking for the Cheek Swindler.

Headquarters detectives as well as precinct police are still making a hot hunt for the bold cheek swindler whose operations were described exclusively in The Morning Times on Monday. Inspector Hollibaugh has received several additional bogus checks which were passed by the sharper. Several suspected men are being watched.

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